



ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

## Environmental Innovation and Societal Transitions

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/eist](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/eist)



CrossMark

# Spatial diffusion and the formation of a technological innovation system in the receiving country: The case of wind energy in Portugal

Nuno Bento<sup>a,\*</sup>, Margarida Fontes<sup>b,a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> DINÂMIA'CET-IUL, ISCTE-IUL, Av. das Forças Armadas, Edifício ISCTE, 1649-026 Lisboa, Portugal

<sup>b</sup> LNEG – Laboratório Nacional de Energia e Geologia, Estrada do Paço do Lumiar, 22, 1649-038 Lisboa, Portugal

### ARTICLE INFO

#### Article history:

Received 21 April 2014

Received in revised form 23 October 2014

Accepted 28 October 2014

Available online 25 December 2014

#### JEL classification:

L2

O33

O38

Q42

Q55

R11

#### Keywords:

Absorptive capacity

Spatial diffusion

Technological innovation systems

Wind energy

### ABSTRACT

This paper investigates how energy technologies diffuse spatially through the examination of wind growth in Denmark (core) and Portugal (follower). The research draws on the empirical historical scaling dynamics to compare patterns of diffusion, and proposes an explanation for these patterns with the help of the technological innovation systems (TIS) theoretical framework. The analysis uncovered an acceleration of diffusion when the technology attained the new market. The mechanisms that allowed rapid adoption were found to be, among others, transnational linkages and an improved absorptive capacity. The latter benefited from past investments in knowledge development, imports of state-of-the-art technology and construction of a local industry assembling available competencies. Targeted policies (e.g. tender-based feed-in scheme) were effective to stimulate technology transfer and boost diffusion. The linkages with the global TIS and the concept of absorptive capacity improve the understanding of the processes involved in the formation of a TIS in receiving countries.

© 2014 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

\* Corresponding author. Tel.: +351 91 641 60 87; fax: +351 21 794 00 42.

E-mail addresses: [Nuno.Bento@iscte.pt](mailto:Nuno.Bento@iscte.pt) (N. Bento), [margarida.fontes@lneg.pt](mailto:margarida.fontes@lneg.pt) (M. Fontes).